

# Planning and Operational Applications of TRANSIMS

### Brian Wolshon, Ph.D., P.E. Louisiana State University

Gulf Coast Center for Evacuation and Transportation Resiliency

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## **TRANSIMS Background**

- <u>Transportation Analysis and Simulation System</u>
- Sponsored by the USDOT, EPA, and DOE
- Originally developed by the Los Alamos National Laboratory to address new transportation and air quality forecasting procedures required by the Clean Air Act, the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act, and other regulations
- Part of a long-term effort to redesign the modeling process from the ground-up to offer transportation planning agencies increased policy sensitivity, more detailed vehicle-emission estimates, and improved analysis and visualization

### The Pro's

• It's Free

http://www.transims-opensource.net/

• It's use is growing

http://tmip.fhwa.dot.gov/community/user\_groups/tran sims

- It is better documented http://tmip.fhwa.dot.gov/resources/clearinghouse/doc s/transims\_fundamentals/
- Training is free and available http://tmip.fhwa.dot.gov/about/projects/49
- Interfaces with available and popular formats
- It is being updated and simplified

## The Con's

- Not nearly as widely used, known, or accepted, as other systems
- Does this effect its validity?
- Documentation still lags
- "Quirky" (ex. units in meters)
- User interface makes coding cumbersome and laborious
- Output format is primitive
- Output visualization capability is limited
- Can require significant computational resources and memory storage

## **My Perspective**

- Like all software, there is a learning curve
- TRANSIMS has suffered from years of bad PR (a lot of it justified)
- Users tend to be "territorial" don't listen to opinions from people who have never used it
- What it does, it does very well
- It is a one-stop-shop
- It has applications beyond traffic and transportation planning
- USDOT wants it out there

## What is TRANSIMS?

- Uses census data and land use data
- Tracks individuals, households, and vehicles, not zonal aggregation of households and employment as do existing models
- Attempts to synthesize complete activity-travel pattern for synthetic populations in order to create a virtual study region with a complete representation of the real world. TRANSIMS builds a model of households and activity demand
- Tries to capture every important interaction between travel subsystems, such as an individual's activity plans and congestion on the transportation system

### **Evacuation Modeling Spectrum**



From: "Structuring Modeling and Simulation Analyses for Evacuation Planning and Operations" By: Hardy, Wunderlich, Bunchand, and Smith

### **TRANSIMS Structure**

- Network Input
  - Structure and characteristics of the transportation network (control, capacity, etc.) and activity locations
- Population Synthesizer
  - Creates a disaggregate synthetic population based on aggregate census zonal information
- Activity Generator
  - Travel surveys or observation of past evacuations
- Router
  - Spatial and temporal travel behavior and route assignments
- Microsimulator
  - Tracks and compiles movements and statistics of each agent (vehciles & peds)
- Visualizer
  - 3<sup>rd</sup> party developer Argonne National Labs, Balfour Technologies Inc., etc.

### **TRANSIMS** System

- Allows planning- / operational-level analyses
- Model <u>large</u> geographical regions and <u>large</u> numbers of travelers
- Model populations, travel activities, routing, and/or microsimulate separately
- Second-by-second movements
- Track individual agents
- Model multimodal systems
- Assess performance continuously and/or in separate time periods
- Verification, validation, and calibration issues

### Louisiana TRANSIMS Demonstration Project

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### **Recognized Limitations**

- Existing traffic/transportation simulation systems are not created to model evacuation conditions
  - Scale (e.g., number of vehicles)
  - Scope (e.g. duration, geographic area)
- Existing models do not permit the modeling and simulation of multiple modes of transportation simultaneously
- Most models are not able to give analysts the MOE's they'd like or decision-makers the answers to questions they pose
- Limited understanding and development of underlying behaviors of evacuation travel for different evacuee and mode types

### **Assisted Evacuations**

- Evacuation planning has historically been targeted at persons with personal vehicles
- A substantial percentage of potential vulnerable populations do not have personal vehicles
- Plans to evacuate "carless" populations in many locations have been created relatively recently or are currently in development
- There have been few actual activations to gain knowledge and experience, nor tests, drills or simulations to evaluate potential weakness and needs

### Longitudinal Approach

- Step 1 Network development
- Step 2 "Base Model" validation and calibration based on 2005 Katrina evacuation
- Step 3 Code "New" New Orleans multimodal plan
- Step 4 Code and test alternative plans and ideas in New Orleans and develop Houston models
- Step 5 Develop and assess Mega-Region evacuation concepts



#### Cumulative Percentage of Total Evacuating Vehicles



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### **Study Questions**

- Proof-of-Concept Can TRANSIMS be used for evacuation analysis? Are its results reasonable?
- Develop a variety and range of hazard-response scenarios
- How many buses might be needed under various scenarios? What routes should they take?
- Potential to estimate the number of location of evacuees
- Examine the potential of alternate plans





Network Link 58296 (DOTD Station 54 --2 miles W of US 51/I-55 Jct)





### Westbound I-10 Traffic Speed





Network Link 56039 (Near DOTD Station 67 -- 1 mile S of I-12 , I-59 Jct)





Network Link 57784 (DOTD Station 18 -- 1.1 miles E of O'Neal Ln Jct)

Speed

#### US 190 WESTBOUND Denham Springs@Amite River Bridge



### **Jefferson Parish Bus Routes**





**CITY OF NEW ORLEANS** 

#### **City Assisted Evacuation Plan**

#### Evacuation Pick-Up Locations

#### SENIOR CENTER LOCATIONS

1. Arthur Mondy Center 1111 Newton Avenue, Algiers

2. Kingsley House 1600 Constance Street, Lower Garden District

3. Central City Senior Center 2020 Philip Street, Central City

4. Mater Dolorosa 1226 S. Carrollton Ave, Carrollton

#### GENERAL POPULATION

5. Smith Library Bus Stop 6300 Canal Blvd., Lakeview

6. Palmer Park S. Claiborne and S. Carrollton, West Carrollton

7. McMain High School 5712 S. Claiborne Ave, Broadmoor

8. Lyons Community Center 624 Louisiana Ave, Irish Channel

9. Dryades YMCA 1924 Philip Street, Central City

10. Warren Easton High School 3019 Canal Street, Treme

11. Municipal Auditorium 801 N. Rampart, 7th Ward

12. O. Perry Walker High School 2832 General Meyer, Algiers

13. Stallings Community Center 4300 St. Claude, Bywater

14. Sanchez Center Caffin & N. Claiborne, Lower 9th Ward

15. Gentilly Mall Parking Lot Chef Menteur & Press Dr., Gentilly

16. Walgreen's Lake Forest & Read Blvd, NO East

17. Mary Queen of Vietnam 14001 Dwyer, New Orleans East

0	0.45	0.9	1.8 Miles
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# Demo Video

### **Conclusions and Contributions**

- Evidence that TRANSIMS can be an effective tool for <u>regional multi-modal</u> evacuation modeling and planning
- Constituent models can be useful in whole or when used separately (e.g., Wilmot predictive evacuation demand model)
- Development of new mathematical methods to calibrate models and analyze output data
- Current work focuses on analyses of alternative strategies that could be incorporated in future plans

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### For more information

Contact Brian Wolshon at: brian@rsip.lsu.edu